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**The Food of Long-eared Owls.**—On January 21, 1922, the roosting place of some Long-eared Owls (*Asio wilsonianus*) was located by us in a grove of young pines north-east of Ann Arbor. There were eight of these owls roosting within fifteen feet of each other. The ground below was littered with disgorged pellets and 110 of these were gathered and were found to contain the remains of the following: 111 Field Mice (*Microtus pennsylvanicus*); 8 Lemming Voles (*Synaptomys cooperi*); 4 Deermice (*Peromyscus sp.*); 2 Shrews (*Blarina brevicauda*); 1 Norway Rat (*Rattus norvegicus*).—A. S. WARTHIN, JR. and J. VAN TYNE, *Ann Arbor, Michigan*.

**The Yellow-billed Cuckoo in Europe.**—The London 'Field' for Jan. 21, 1922, p. 100, contains a note on the Yellow-billed Cuckoo (*Coccyzus americanus americanus*) illustrated by a photograph of a specimen which was shot on the Scilly Isles, near Lands End, England, in November 1921. Harting's 'Handbook of British Birds' and the 'Hand List of British Birds' by Hartert and others, contain records of 13 earlier occurrences of the species in the British Isles, as follows: England—Cornwall, about 1835; Lundy Island, Devon, Oct. 1874; Helston, Cornwall, Oct. 14, 1887; Bridport, Dorset, Oct. 5, 1895; Ventnor, Isle of Wight, Oct. 1896; Somerset, Oct. 6, 1901; Ringewood, Hants, Oct. 30, 1901. Scotland—Colonsay Isle, Inner Hebrides, Argyll, Nov. 6, 1904. Wales—Stackpole Court, Pembroke, autumn 1832; Aberystevith, Cardigan, Oct. 26, 1870; Carnarvon, Nov. 10, 1899. Ireland—Yoeerghal, County Cork, autumn 1825; Dublin, autumn 1832. On the continent the Yellow-billed Cuckoo has been taken at Bois de Lessines, Belgium, Oct. 22, 1874, and near Turin, Italy, Oct. 28, 1883. All of these records are based on birds collected in autumn and most of them on specimens taken in the month of October.—T. S. PALMER, *Washington, D. C.*

**A Large Gathering of Kingbirds.**—The Kingbird was first seen in 1921, near Prattville, Ala., on April 10 (two individuals). On May 3, sixty individuals were seen together and May 4, 300 or more were seen in the same place. The temperature was 45 degrees F. By May 7, there were only 20 or 30 birds left, and on May 20 only a pair or two.

I had never seen more than twenty individuals together before, and that was in September when they were preparing for their southward flight. Usually the birds are mated by May 10 or earlier; hence the gathering is the more remarkable.

The place of gathering was on the plantation of J. B. Golsan, two miles from Prattville, in a small grove of mulberries.

The fruit was not fully matured but the birds were eating it to some extent.—LEWIS S. GOLSAN, *Prattville, Ala.*

**Arkansas Kingbird in Massachusetts.**—As supplementing the reference in 'The Auk' for April, 1922, pages 270-1, to the occurrence of